## "No Such Thing as Rest"

Solomon Northrup was a free black who was kidnapped in New York and sold into slavery for twelve years. He vas finally returned to freedom. In the following selection he describes how cotton was raised on his Louisiana plantation. Read the passage and answer the following questions.

The hands are required to be in the cotton field as soon as it is light in the morning, and, with the



exception of ten or fifteen minutes, which is given them at noon to swallow their allowance of cold bacon, they are not permitted to be a moment idle until it is too dark to see, and when the moon is full, they often times labor till the middle of the night. They do not dare to stop even at dinner time, nor return to the quarters, however late it be, until the order to halt is given by the driver.

where the cotton is weighed. No matter how fatigued and weary he may be-- no matter how much he longs for sleep and rest- a slave never approaches the gin- house with his basket of cotton but with fear. If it falls short in weight-- if he has not performed the full task appointed him, he knows that he must suffer. And if he has exceeded it by ten or twenty pounds, in all probability his master will measure the next day's task accordingly. So, whether he has two little or too much, his approach to the gin- house is 'ways with fear and trembling. Most frequently they have too little, and therefore it is they are not anxious to leave the field. After weighing, follow the whippings; and then the baskets are carried to the cotton house, and their contents stored away like hay, all hands being sent in to tramp it down.

This done, the labor of the day is not yet ended, by any means. Each one must then attend to his respective chores. One feeds the mules, another the swine- - another cuts the wood, and so forth all

done by candle light. Finally, at a late hour, they reach the quarters, sleepy and overcome with the long day's toil. Then a fire must be kindled in the cabin, the corn ground in the small hand- mill, and supper, and dinner for the next day in the field, prepared. All that is allowed them is corn and bacon. Each one receives, as his weekly allowance, three and a half pounds of bacon, and corn enough to make a peck of meal. That is all- - no tea, coffee, sugar, no salt....

An hour before day light the horn is blown. Then the slaves arouse, prepare their breakfast, fill a gourd with water, and hurry to the field again. It is an offense invariably followed by a flogging, to be found at the quarters after daybreak. Then ne fears and labors of another day begin; and until its close there is no such thing as rest....



Name		Date	Period
No Su	ch Thing as Rest" Questions		
Direct	ions: Use information from the passage to answer the following	questions.	•
1.	How is a typical day for a slave on a cotton plantation BEST day.  A. One with extended active hours  B. One dominated by work  C. One absent of personal choices  D. All of the Above  Why did a slave "approach the gin house with fear"?	lescribed?	
	This did a stave approach the girl house with real .		
3.	Using the underlined portion, why would a slave be worried ex.  A. If a slave picked too much cotton, other slaves would B. If a slave picked too much cotton they would be punis C. If a slave picked too much cotton, they would be required.  D. If a slave picked too much cotton, they would receive	resent them hed ired to pick even more	·
4.	Based on the context, provide a synonym for the term 'quarter	s' and explain your re	asoning.
5.	Throughout his account, Northup casually mentions whippings		
6.	Imagine that you are Northup. In the space below, use the info typical day for a cotton plantation slave. Entries should be AT daily duties, meal routines, as well as the emotions felt.	rmation gained to creat LEAST 5 sentences 1	ate a diary entry that reflects a ong. Make sure to include:
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