



1. a political party formed by supporters of Andrew Jackson after the presidential election of 1824
2. the belief that the power of the states should be greater than the power of the federal government
3. a government agency created in the 1800s to oversee federal policy toward Native Americans
4. (1830) a congressional act that authorized the removal of Native Americans who lived east of the Mississippi River
5. a dispute led by John C. Calhoun that said that states could ignore federal laws if they believed those laws violated the Constitution
6. (1832) Supreme Court ruling that stated that the Cherokee nation was a distinct territory over which only the federal government had authority
7. (1838-39) 800-mile forced march of the Cherokee from Georgia to Indian Territory; resulted in the deaths of almost one fourth of the Cherokee people
8. an area covering most of present-day Oklahoma to which most Native Americans in the Southeast were forced to move in the 1830s
9. a political party formed in 1834 by opponents of Andrew Jackson and who supported a strong legislature
10. (1819) U.S. Supreme Court case that declared the Second Bank of the United States was constitutional and that Maryland could not interfere with it
11. a meeting at which a political party selects its presidential and vice presidential candidate; first held in the 1820s
12. a politicians' practice of giving government jobs to his or her supporters
13. President Andrew Jackson's group of informal advisers; so called because they often met in the White House kitchen
14. (1828) the nickname given to a tariff by southerners who opposed it
15. an expansion of voting rights during the popular Andrew Jackson administration
16. a financial crisis in the United States that led to an economic depression